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The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday March 13, to Tuesday March 16, 1779.

Westminster, March 16.

THIS Day, the Lords being met, a Message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons, by Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them that *the Lords, authorized by Virtue of His Majesty's Commission, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate Attendance of this Honourable House in the House of Peers, to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, impowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain, the Lord President of the Council, and several other Lords therein mentioned, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for establishing a Lottery.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for amending, explaining, and reducing into one Act of Parliament, the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Ships, Vessels, and Forces by Sea.

An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to serve in His Majesty's Ships of War, and on Board Merchant Ships, and other Trading Ships and Vessels.

An Act to continue an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, (intituled, An Act for regulating Mad-houses) for a further Time therein limited.

An Act for the better raising and securing a Fund for a Provision for the Widows and Children of the Ministers of the Church of Scotland, and of the Heads, Principals, and Masters in the Universities of Saint Andrew's, Glasgow, Edinburgh, and Aberdeen; and for repealing Two Acts made in the Seventeenth and Twenty-second Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second for those Purposes.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the several Hundreds of Hartismere, Hoxne, and Thredling, in the County of Suffolk.

An Act for rendering more beneficial an Act made in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled, "An Act for establishing Agreements made between Charles Brandling, Esquire, and other Persons, Proprietors of Lands, for laying down a Waggon Way, in order for the better supplying the Town and Neighbourhood of Leeds in the County of York with Coals, by enabling the said Charles Brandling to supply annually a larger Quantity of Coals to and for the Use of the said Town and Neighbourhood; and for regulating the Prices of carrying Coals from the Repository at Casson Close.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from Stratford upon Avon to Edghill in the County of Warwick; and for repealing the several Laws now in Force relating to the said Road.

An An for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Thirsk over Skipton Bridge, through Balderby, to Balderby Gate, adjoining to Hutton Moor, in the Way to Ripon, and through Ainderby, Quernhow, and Nosterfield, by Well Flashes Gate, to Masham, in the County of York; and likewise for removing the Toll-House and Turnpike-Gates at Busby Stobb in the said County, to some other convenient Place in the Road leading from Borough Bridge to the City of Durham.

An Act for enlarging the Term of an Act made in the Twenty-eighth Year of King George the Second, intituled, An Act for repairing the Road from a certain Place in Bury in the County of Huntingdon, through Warboys, Old Hurst, Saint Ives, Hilton, Elisley, Waresley, Gamlingay, and Potton, to a House called the Spread Eagle in Stratton, within the several Counties of Huntingdon, Cambridge, and Bedford.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for repairing and amending several Roads leading from Upton in the County of Worcester, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for amending the Road leading from the White Cross in the Parish of Hanley Castle in the said County, to the River Severn.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for repairing, widening, and rendering safe and commodious, several Roads leading from the Town of South Molton in the County of Devon.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Borough of Leicester in the County of Leicester, to the Town of Ashby-de-la-Zouch in the said County.

An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from a certain Bridge over a Brook or Stream called Sudbrook, near the City of Glocester, to the Nine Mile Stone on the Bristol Road, at or near a Place called the Clay Pit in the County of Glocester.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the Thirty-second Year of His late Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Dewsbury, to Ealand in the West Riding of the County of York.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled, an Act for repairing and widening the Road from Chesterfield to the Turnpike Road at Hernstone Lane Head, and also the Road branching from the said Road upon the East Moor, through Raslow and Wardlow to the Joining of the said Roads again near Wardlow Mires, and also the Road leading between the said Road and Branch from Calver Bridge to Baslow Bridge, and also the Road from the Turnpike Road near Newhaven House to the Turnpike Road near Grindleford Bridge in the County of Derby.

An Act for widening and repairing a Lane called Pitt's or Sheppard's Lane, leading from the Market-house in the Town of Maidenhead in the County of Berks, towards Cookham in the said County, and for turning the Course of the present Road leading from Ray Mills and Cookham to the Turnpike Road near Maidenhead aforesaid.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Three Acts passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King George the First, and in the Fifteenth and Twenty-fourth Years of the Reign of King George the Second, for repairing the Road from Wendover to the Town of Buckingham, and other Roads in the County of Buckingham, so far as the same relate to the Road from the West

[Price Three-pence Halfpenny.]

West End of the Town of Beaconsfield to within Half a Mile of the River Colne, near Uxbridge, in the County of Middlesex.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for repairing the Road from Ashby de la Zouch in the County of Leicester, through Burton upon Trent in the County of Stafford, and to the Cock Inn in Tutbury in the said County.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of Market Harborough in the County of Leicester, through the Town of Lutterworth in the said County, to the City of Coventry.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, and amending the Roads from Wigan to Preston in the County Palatine of Lancaster, and for repealing several Acts made in the Thirteenth Year of King George the First, and the Fourth and Twenty-third Year of His late Majesty, relating to the said Roads.

And to Sixteen Private Bills.

St. James's, March 16.

ENSIGN Rumbold, of the Sixth Regiment of Foot, and Aid de Camp to Major-General Hector Munro, is arrived from Pondicherry with a Dispatch addressed to the Lord Viscount Weymouth, dated the 27th of October last, containing an Account of the Surrender, by Capitulation, of the Town of Pondicherry, on the 17th of October, to the East-India Company's Troops, after a Siege of Two Months and Ten Days.

The Particulars of this Event are too long to be published in this Night's Gazette.

Custom-House, London, March 8, 1779.

FOR SALE,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, &c. (in Pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of His present Majesty) on Tuesday the 16th, Wednesday the 17th, and in the following Week on Tuesday the 23d and Wednesday the 24th, of March, 1779, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoons of the said Days, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-House, London, the following Goods, which are allotted in small Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the several Dealers, as well as private Persons, who chuse to become Purchasers.

For Exportation.

East-India Prohibited Goods, Cambricks, Silk, Thread Bone Lace, Muslin stitched with Thread, and Leather Gloves.

For Home Consumption.

Muslin, Thread Gauze, Linen, Nankeen Cloths, Sewing Silk, Silk Stockings, Lacquered Ware, Pearl Counters and Beads, Filligree Plate, Cocoa Nuts and Chocolate to pay the Inland Duty, Gold and Silver Wearing Apparel to be burnt, Pictures, Engraved Copper Plates, Sword Blades, Purple and King's Wood, Spa Ware, China Ware, Wine in Casks and Bottles, Syrup of Orgeat and Capilaire, British Spirits, Sugar and other Grocery, Bitter Almonds, Arrangoes, Oil of Turpentine, Boats, Materials of a Vessel, Tobacco Ashes, and sundry other Sorts of Goods, as mentioned in the Catalogues,

Clear of all Duties,

East-India Prohibited Goods, Cambrick, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate excepted.

The Prohibited Goods, Muslin, Nankeen Cloth, &c. to be viewed at the King's Warehouse, Custom-House, London, on Friday the 12th, Saturday the 13th and and Monday the 15th of March, 1779, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale.

The Oil of Turpentine, Boats, Materials of a Vessel, and Tobacco Ashes, to be viewed at the Tobacco Ground, near the Wet Dock, Rotherhithe; and the China Ware, Wine, and other Goods, at the King's Warehouse aforesaid, on Friday the 19th, Saturday the 20th, and Monday the 22d, of March, 1779, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; where Catalogues will be delivered.

Custom-House, London.

FOR SALE,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in the Long Room at the Custom-House, on Thursday the 18th of March, 1779, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, in Lots of 2, 5, 6, 8, and 10 Hhds. each.

SUGAR.

Hh.	T.	B.	
25	0	0	Barbadoes.
33	33	10	Antigua.
16	7	7	Nevis.
10	8	7	Montserratt.

20 Barrels of Ginger from Barbadoes.

2 Tierces of Aloes, 1 Bag Cassia Fistula, 1 Small Bag Turmerick, } Barbadoes.

Samples to be viewed in Wycherley's-yard, opposite Bear Quay, on Tuesday the 16th, Wednesday the 17th, and Thursday the 18th, Instant.

East-India-House, March 12, 1779.

WHereas in Pursuance of the 38th Bye-Law of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, it is ordained, "That a List shall "be published, Fourteen Days before the Annual "Election of Directors, containing the Names of "such Proprietors, qualified agreeable to Law, as "shall signify in Writing to the Secretary their Desire "of becoming Candidates for the Direction, Sixteen "Days before such Annual Election:" The Court of Directors of the said Company do hereby give Notice, in order that the Proprietors may conform to the said Bye-Law, That the ensuing Election of Six Directors of the said Company for Four Years is appointed for the 14th Day of April next; and that such List will be published Fourteen Days before the said Election, as the above-mentioned Bye-Law directs.

London, March 15, 1779.

NOtice is hereby given, that the remaining One Third of the neat Proceeds of the Cargo and Salvage of the Sloop Scorpion, taken from the American Rebels by His Majesty's Ship Pacific, Smith Child, Esq; Commander, and condemned in His Majesty's Vice-Admiralty Court at Halifax, will be paid on Board His Majesty's said Ship at Woolwich, on Saturday the 20th of this Instant; and Recalls the First Monday in every Month, at the Sign of the Castle in Mark-lane.

James Hore, *Agent.*

Yorkshire North Riding Militia.

THE Deputy Lieutenants of the North Riding of the County of York are desired to meet at the House of Godfrey Hirst, the Golden Lion, in Northallerton, on Tuesday the 23d Instant, for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the Laws now in Force respecting the raising and training the Militia within that Part of Great Britain, called England.

Newburgh, March 8, 1779. FAUCONBERG, *Lieutenant.*

London, March 1, 1779.

WHereas the Copartnership between Charlotte Humberstone and John Pope, Mercers and Dealers, in Jermyn-street, St. James's, in the County of Middlesex, is by mutual Consent this Day dissolved; and the said Business will be continued by the said Charlotte Humberston, for her own separate Account. All Persons having any Demands upon the said Copartnership are desired to apply to the said Charlotte Humberstone; and all Persons who stand indebted to the said Copartnership are desired to pay the same immediately, at No. 53, Jermyn street,

Charlotte Humberstone.
John Pope.

ALL Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of the deceased Right Honourable Lord William Campbell, are desired to bring in their Accounts immediately to Collin Campbell, No. 24, Glanville-street, or in his Absence to Augustus Greenland, Esq; of Newman-street, Attorney for the Administrator; and all those that are indebted to the said Estate are desired to pay in the same.

This Day is published,

AND GIVEN GRATIS,

At Meſſrs. Fielding and Walker's, in Pater-noſter-row, London, and ſeriouſly recommended to the Peruſal of every one at this Juncture, when

PUTRID and MALIGNANT,

As well as INFLAMATORY,

FEVERS, SORE THROATS, and COLDS

Are ſo very prevalent, and have proved fatal to ſuch Numbers, many of whom in all human Probability might have been happily ſaved:

A SHORT ESSAY on the VIRTUES of Dr. NORRIS's DROPS for FEVERS.

To which are added, LETTERS and CERTIFICATES of many extraordinary CURES, inconteſtibly proving, almoſt to a Certainty, when liberally adminiſtered, their Sovereign Efficacy in the above Diſorders.

Printed for the Author, and to be had as above; where the Drops are ſold, with an Allowance to Merchants and others taking a Quantity for Exportation or to ſell again, and at the Doctor's Houſe in Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter. Price 2s. 6d. the ſmall Bottle, and 5s. the large.

A Gentleman of Briſtol, in a Letter to Dr. Norris inſerted at large in the above Eſſay, ſays, 'In the Courſe of more than Seven Years, not One Inſtance hath come to my Knowledge of a Patient doing otherwiſe than well who took theſe Drops.'

And in another long Letter from the ſame Gentleman, of the 20th of Auguſt laſt, to Dr. Norris, alſo inſerted in the above Eſſay, giving an Account of the extraordinary Cures done by theſe Drops, which he terms 'The greateſt medical Bleſſing the World ever received,' he concludes with ſaying, 'That Dr. Norris's Fever Medicine is as infallible in the Cure of Fevers, as Water is in the quenching of Fire.'

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Samuel Jones, late of Stepney in the County of Middleſex, Eſq; deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts before Samuel Pechell, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, in Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of the Moſt Noble Charles late Duke of Bolton, deceaſed, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before John Ord, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, on or before the 21ſt Day of April next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of Richold Holt, late of Holborn in the County of Middleſex, Eſq; deceaſed, are to come in and prove their ſeveral Debts and claim their reſpective Legacies before Edward Leeds, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, London, on or before the 21ſt Day of Eaſter Term next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Price, late of Cheapſide, London, Linen-draper, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Friday the 26th Day of March inſtant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall Coffee-houſe, in King-ſtreet, Cheapſide, London, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, or to their compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

PUrſuant to an Order made by the Rt. Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Jane Campbell, of Cleveland-row in the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, Vintner, Dealer and Chapwoman, (a Bankrupt) to ſurrender herſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of her Eſtate and Effects, for Forty-nine Days, to be computed from the 13th Day of March inſtant; This is to give Notice, that the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named and authorized, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 1ſt Day of May next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to ſurrender herſelf, between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the ſame Day, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of her Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh her Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of her Certificate.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Logie Brincklow, of the City of Bath in the County of Somerſet, Watchmaker, Jeweller, and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th and 27th Days of March inſtant, and on the 27th Day of April next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Grove Coffee-houſe, in Orange Grove in the City of Bath, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Salmon, Attorney, in King's-mead-ſquare, Bath.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Matthew Burton, of Acomb in the County of the City of York, Woodmonger, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 5th, 6th, and 27th Days of April next, at Eleven in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of William Smith, known by the Name of the York Tavern, ſituate in York, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Robert Lakeland, Attorney, in York.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſeph Tyndall and Oneſiphorus Tyndall, of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, Merchants and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to ſurrender themſelves to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 6th, 7th, and 27th Days of April next, at Three in the Afternoon on each Day, at the Houſe of Elizabeth Bowſker, the Bear, in Bull-ſtreet, Birmingham, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of their Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupts are required to finiſh their Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Thomas Lee, Attorney, in Birmingham.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Charles Kloprogge, of the Pariſh of St. Martin in the Fields in the County of Middleſex, Money-ſcrivener, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 20th Day of March inſtant at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, on the 27th Day of the ſame Month at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 27th Day of April next at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Gibbons, Attorney, Hatton-ſtreet, Holborn.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Daniel Ryder, of Whitecroſs-ſtreet in the Pariſh of Saint Luke in the County of Middleſex, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 27th and 30th Days of March inſtant, and on the 27th Day of April next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees; and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Ruſſon, Primroſe-ſtreet, Biſhopſgate-ſtreet.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Peter Langham, of James ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. James within the Liberty of Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, Upholder, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 23d Day of March inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 13th Day of this inſtant March) in order to take the laſt Examination of the ſaid Peter Langham; when and where he is required to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Dividend of the Eſtate of Evan Thomas, late of Builth in the County of Brecknock, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, advertiſed to be made To-morrow, at Guildhall, London, is poſtponed.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Sir George Colebrooke, Baronet, late of London, Banker, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Thurſday the 18th Day of March inſtant, at Eleven of the o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the London Tavern, in Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, to empower the ſaid Aſſignees to compound ſundry Differences and Diſputes relating to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Harry Stiles, of Brighthelmſtone in the County of Suſſex, Innholder, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 26th Day of March inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the Crown and Anchor Inn, in Brighthelmſtone aforeſaid; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are deſired to come and prove the ſame.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Levallin, of the City of Exeter, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of April next, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Globe Tavern, in Exeter, to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Philip Oriel, of Alderſgate-ſtreet, London, Stationer, intend to meet on the 22d Day of April next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Further Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are deſired to come and prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Chinner, late of the City of Wincheſter in the County of Hants, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Samuel Williams, of Bampton in the County of Oxford, Butcher, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 14th Day of April next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Mr. King's, the Talbot Inn, in Bampton aforeſaid, in order to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt William Stone, of Somerſet-ſtreet, Portman-ſquare, in the Pariſh of St. Mary le Bone in the County of Middleſex, Taylor, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 6th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come and prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Bedell, of Shacklewell in the County of Middleſex, Coal-merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of April next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are deſired to come and prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Aſhley, of St. Catharine's in the County of Middleſex, Woollen draper, Man's-mercer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 1ſt Day of May next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Benjamin Dixon, late of Leeds in the County of York, Grocer, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Benjamin Dixon hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 6th Day of April next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Davis, of Lower-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Mary Iſlington in the County of Middleſex, Cow-keeper, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Davis hath conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 6th of April next.

THE following Perſons being Priſoners for Debt, in the reſpective Priſons or Goals hereafter mentioned, do hereby give this Publick Notice, That they do intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Caſes*; at the next General Special Seſſions, or General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, Liberty or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, that true and perfect Schedules, containing a Diſcovery of all their Real and Perſonal Eſtates (hereafter to be ſworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the ſame to the reſpective Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.

Priſoners in the KING's BENCH Priſon in the County of Surry.

First Notice.

Richard Latham, formerly of King-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Saviour, late of St. George's, both in the County of Surry, Whiteſmith.

Edward Caſtledine, formerly and late of Newport-market in the Pariſh of St. Ann in the County of Middleſex, Butcher.

John Griffiths, formerly of the Borough High-ſtreet, late of St. Mary Over's, both in the County of Surry, Dealer and Chapman.

Jaſper Scott, formerly and late of New James-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Mary le Bone in the County of Middleſex, Victualler.

THE following Perſons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on the TENTH Day of MARCH, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-eight, and having ſurrendered themſelves to the Goalers or Keepers of the reſpective Goals or Priſons hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give this Public Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Caſes*; at the next General Special Seſſions, or General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the undermentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, That true and perfect Schedules, containing a Diſcovery of all their Real and Perſonal Eſtate, (hereafter to be ſworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the ſame to the Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.

Fugitives ſurrendered to the Keeper of the KING's BENCH Priſon in the County of Surry.

First Notice.

Robert Anderſon, formerly of Green Bank in the Pariſh of St. George in the Eaſt in the County of Middleſex, late of Dublin in Ireland, Tallow-chandler.

James Cuſack, formerly of Biſhopſgate-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Botolph Biſhopſgate in the City of London, Haberdaſher, late of the Madeiras, Gentleman.

Fugitive ſurrendered to the Keeper of WOODSTREET Compter, in the City of London.

First Notice.

William Corker, formerly and late of Sunderland in the Biſhoprick of Durham, Butcher.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1779.

St. James's, March 17, 1779.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Munro to the Lord Viſcount Weymouth, His Majeſty's Principal Secretary of State.

Pondicherry, October 27, 1778.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the Honor to inform your Lordſhip of the Succeſs of the East-India Company's Troops againſt Pondicherry, after a Siege of Two Months and Ten Days from the firſt inveſting of the Place. The Town ſurrendered by Capitulation on the 17th of October, and I have ſent herewith the Terms of Capitulation. I have to requeſt your Lordſhip will be pleaſed to lay them before His Majeſty; and as I have been ſo fortunate as to have had the Honor of commanding Troops that have reduced a Place of ſuch Conſequence to the Britiſh Settlements in India, my utmoſt Wiſh now is, to have His Majeſty's Approbation of my Conduct. As your Lordſhip may wiſh to be informed of the Operations of the Troops during the Siege, I have the Honor to ſend you the following Account.——

On the 8th of Auguſt, Part of the Troops intended for the Siege encamped on the Red Hill, within Four Miles of Pondicherry; but it was the 21ſt before a ſufficient Number of Troops were aſſembled ſo that we could attempt to advance. On this Day we took Poſſeſſion of the Bound Hedge, within Cannon-Shot of Pondicherry, which prevented all Communication with the Town by Land. On the 6th and 7th of September we broke Ground, both on the North and South Side of the Town, it having been determined to carry on Two Attacks; and on the 18th we opened our Batteries with 28 Pieces of heavy Artillery, and 27 Mortars. Tho' our Fire on the Town was very great, yet the Enemy's was equally ſo on us from Day-break 'till towards the Evening, when our Batteries had apparently the Advantage, and the Fire from the Fortreſs decreaſed greatly. The Approaches were continued with the utmoſt Expedition poſſible; but the obſtinate Defence of the Garriſon made it neceſſary to act with Caution, and the violent Rains that fell retarded the Works. A Gallery being carried into the Ditch to the Southward, a Breach made in the Baſtion called L'Hoſpital, and the Faces of the adjacent Baſtions being alſo deſtroyed, it was reſolved to paſs the Ditch by Means of a Bridge of Boats made for the Purpoſe, and to aſſault the Place; while, on the North Attack, our Batteries had ruined the East Face of the North Weſt Baſtion, and a Float was prepared to paſs the Troops over the Ditch at the ſame Time; another Attack was to have been made on the Sea-Side to Northward, where they had Stockades running into the Water. This was intended to have been put into Execution the 15th of October before Day-Light; but in the Forenoon of the 14th the Water in the Ditch to the Southward was ſo raiſed by the Rains for Two or Three Days before, that it forced itſelf into the Gallery, broke it down, and damaged the Boats intended for the Bridge. It required Two Days to repair the Damage done; and every Thing being ready for the Aſſault, it would have taken Place on the 17th; but on the 16th M. Bellecombe ſent me a Letter by his Aid de Camp M. de Villette, relative to a Capitulation, which was ſigned by both Parties the next Day. The gallant Defence made by M. Bellecombe will ever do him Honor; and I beg Leave, in Juſtice to the Troops I had the Honour to command, to aſſure your Lordſhip, that they acted with the moſt determined Reſolution on every Occaſion. I am in a moſt particular Manner obliged to Sir Edward Vernon, and His Majeſty's Squadron, who moſt chearfully gave every Aſſiſtance during the whole Siege; and when the Aſſault was reſolved on, Sir Edward landed his Marines, and 200 Seamen, to aſſiſt in the Attack.

I have the Honour of ſending your Lordſhip herewith a Return of the Killed and Wounded on both Sides, together with a Liſt of Cannon and Stores taken in Pondicherry.

Theſe Diſpatches will be delivered to your Lordſhip by Enſign Rumbold, of the 6th Regiment of Foot, who obtained His Majeſty's Leave to come to India with his Father, the Governor of this Settlement. He has acted as one of my Aid de Camps ſince I have been on this Coaſt; and, as I have great Reaſon to be perfectly ſatisfied with his Conduct, I beg Leave to recommend him to your Lordſhip as a young Man of Merit. He takes with him the Colours of Pondicherry, to have the Honour of laying them at His Majeſty's Feet.

I have the Honour to be, &c.

(Signed) HECTOR MUNRO.

CAPITULATION for PONDICHERRY.

Preliminary Article.

MR. De Bellecombe, Major-General in his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Armies, General Commandant of the French Eſtabliſhments in the Indies, Governor of Pondicherry, propoſes to Major

[Price Seven Pence.]

Major General Munro, Commanding the Engliſh Army, to ſurrender the Place the 25th of this Month, if before that Period he does not receive any Succour; and requires, that in the mean Time Hoſtilities be ſuſpended on both Sides, as alſo the Works, and that there ſhall not be any Communication between the Beſiegers and Beſieged.

Anſwer. The Fort of Pondicherry muſt be delivered up at Twelve o'Clock To-morrow at Noon, and the Britiſh Troops put in Poſſeſſion of the Vellenore Gate at that Time.

Article I.

The Officers on the Staff, the Garriſon, and other Military Perſons defending Pondicherry, ſhall have the Honors of War: They ſhall retire by the Sea Port with their Arms and Baggage, Colours flying, Drums beating, lighted Matches, with Six Cannons, Two Caſt Mortars, which ſhall be put on board the Veſſel in which M. De Bellecombe ſhall embark; each Piece ſhall have Six Charges, and each Soldier ſhall have Fifteen Cartouches.

Anſwer. The gallant Defence made by Major-General Bellecombe and his Garriſon juſtly demands every Mark of Honour: The Garriſon are therefore allowed to march out of the Vellenore Gate with the Honours of War; they will, on the Glacis, pile up their Arms by Order from their own Officers, where they will leave them, with their Drums, the Cannon and Mortars. The Officers in general are allowed to keep their Arms, and the Regiment of Pondicherry, at General Bellecombe's particular Requeſt, are allowed to keep their Colours.

Article II.

All the Officers and Soldiers, as well of the Regiment of Pondicherry as of the Artillery, and of the Seapoys and their Suite, as alſo the Caffres and Mallays belonging to the Artillery (who are free) ſhall be ſent, at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, and as commodiouſly as poſſible, to the Iſle of France, in Engliſh Veſſels well and duly victualled. The ſaid Officers and Soldiers ſhall take with them all their Effects, without being examined, and their Servants and Slaves; and thoſe who are married ſhall have the Liberty of taking away their Families. In the Number of Officers above-mentioned, who are to be ſent to the Iſle of France at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, M. Dione, Major of Infantry, an Inhabitant of Bourbon, now at this Place, ſhall be included.

Anſwer. All the European Officers and Soldiers ſhall proceed to Madraſs, where, or in its Neighbourhood, they will be properly accommodated till ſuch Time as Ships can be provided by the Government of Madraſs to tranſport them to France, which ſhall be done as expeditiouſly as poſſible. The Caffres, Seapoys and Mallays ſhall deliver up their Arms, and be allowed to go where they pleaſe. Whatever relates to private Property, Families and Slaves of the Officers, and Soldiers, is granted. M. Dione, Major of Infantry, ſhall be provided with a Paſſage to the Iſle of France.

Article III.

The Treatment ſtipulated by the preceding Article ſhall equally take Place for the Tranſportation to France, or to the Iſle of France, at their Choice, of all the other Military Perſons, Officers of Government, of the Superior Council and other Courts of Juſtice; and thoſe for the Affairs of the India Company; the Writers, Clerks and others in the Service; and in general for all Perſons who are or have been employed in the King's Service, in what Quality ſoever.

Anſwer. Anſwered in what relates to the Military in the foregoing Article. Granted as to the Reſt; and Ships ſhall be provided by the Government of Madraſs.

Article IV.

The moſt commodious Veſſel ſhall be choſen, and well victualled at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, to carry to France, by the moſt direct Paſſage, M. de Bellecombe, his Family, his Aides de Camp, and the Perſons whom he ſhall think proper to take with him, as well as his Domeſticks, with all his Papers, Equipages, Plate, and Baggage, which ſhall not be ſubject to any Examination: Amongſt the ſaid Effects ſhall be included a large Picture of the King, which was given to that General, and which cannot be detained upon any Pretext whatſoever.

Anſwer. Granted, at the Expence of the Government of Madraſs.

Article V.

Another Veſſel ſhall be provided, to convey to the Iſle of France M. des Auvergnes, Brigadier of the King's Forces, Colonel of the Regiment of Pondicherry, and his Staff-Officers. His Papers and Effects, as well as thoſe of the ſaid Officers, ſhall not be ſubject to any Examination; and they may take away with them their Servants and Slaves.

Anſwer. Proper Paſſages and Accommodations ſhall be provided, at the Expence of the Government of Madraſs, to tranſport M. Auvergnes, Brigadier General, and Colonel of the Regiment of Pondicherry, his Staff, and Attendants, to France. His Baggage and Papers not to be ſearched, nor thoſe belonging to his Staff.

Article VI.

The like Proviſion, with due Diſtinction, ſhall be made, at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, for the Paſſage to France of M. Law de Lauriſton, Brigadier of the King's Forces, ancient Commandant of the French in India: M. Coutameaux, Lieutenant-Colonel; M. de Boiſtel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Commandant of Karical; M. Ruſſell, Lieutenant-Colonel; M. Leonare, Major of Infantry, Commandant of the Corps of Seapoys; and the Engineers and Officers belonging to the Artillery. They may take away with them their Families, Servants, and Slaves, and embark all their Papers and Effects without Examination.

Anſwer. Granted, at the Expence of the Government of Madraſs.

Article VII.

A Ship ſhall in like Manner be provided, at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, for the Paſſage to France of M. Cheureau, the King's Commiſſary, Commiſſary General of the Marine, Superintendant at Pondicherry, with the Officers of Government, and other Perſons whom he ſhall think proper to take with him, and their Families and Attendants. This Veſſel ſhall be commodious, and duly victualled. The Papers, Equipages, Plate, and Baggage, which

M.

M. Cheureau ſhall embark therein, ſhall be exempt from any Search. Proviſion ſhall alſo be made, with proper Attention, at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty, for the Paſſage to France, or to the Iſle of France, of the Officers of the Superior Council, and thoſe for the Affairs of the India Company, and other Civil Officers who merit any Diſtinction; and they ſhall enjoy the ſame Facilities for their Families, their Attendants, and Baggage, as are ſtipulated in the preſent Article.

Anſwer. A proper Paſſage and Accommodation will be provided, at the Expence of the Government of Madraſs, for M. Cheureau, and the reſt of the Gentlemen mentioned in this Article. Their Baggage and Papers ſhall not be ſearched.

Article VIII.

M. de Bellecombe ſhall not be obliged to go to Madraſs, nor to any other Engliſh Settlement. He ſhall not leave Pondicherry till the Day of his Embarkation, which ſhall not exceed the Month of January, if it cannot take Place ſooner; and no Perſon ſhall be quartered in the Governor's Houſe before his Departure. He ſhall retain therein his Guards armed, and all the Honours of his Poſt. M. Cheureau ſhall alſo remain at Pondicherry till his Embarkation, which ſhall not be later than next January, if it cannot take Place ſooner: He ſhall retain the Intendant's Houſe, without any Perſon pretending to be quartered therein before his Departure.

Anſwer. Proper Houſes and Accommodations ſhall be provided for Major-General Bellecombe and Monſieur Cheureau at Madraſs, agreeable to their Rank and Station, to which Place they muſt remove within Twenty Days from the Signing of the Capitulation, and will be provided with Ships for their Paſſage in the Month of January next, or as near it as poſſible.

Article IX.

No Officer Civil or Military, or Soldier or Sailor, ſhall be ſent either to Madraſs, or elſewhere. Such as cannot be embarked at the ſame Time, whether on Account of Sickneſs or otherwiſe, ſhall wait at Pondicherry for an Opportunity of being conveyed to the Iſle of France; and no Authority ſhall be given in any Caſe to force, or even to ſollicit, the Soldiers or Sailors to enter into the Service of His Britannick Majeſty, or of the India Company.

Anſwer. Anſwered in the 2d Article with Regard to the Soldiers; the Sailors in Health to proceed to Madraſs. The Sick of all Denominations remaining at Pondicherry ſhall be taken proper Care of. The latter Part of this Article agreed to.

Article X.

The Treatment and Subſiſtence of the Officers, Soldiers, and Sailors, now at Pondicherry, as alſo of all other Perſons employed in the Service of the King, ſhall be furniſhed at the Charges of His Britannick Majeſty from the Day after the preſent Capitulation until the Day of their Landing in the Iſlands of France and Bourbon, or in France. Such of the ſaid Officers, Soldiers, Sailors, and alſo the Topas and Indians, who are now ill in our Hoſpitals, ſhall be ſubſiſted and nurſed there, until their perfect Recovery, at the Charges of His Britannick Majeſty.

There ſhall be left a Writer of the Marine, and ſome Officers of Health, to have an Eye to their Welfare, and take Care of them till they are embarked. The Subſiſtence of the Writer of the Marine and the Officers of Health above deſcribed ſhall be continued at the Charges of His Britannick Majeſty, until their Return to France.

And as all theſe Objects may occaſion conſiderable Details, a Commiſſary ſhall be named to diſcharge the Duties of an Agent, who ſhall take an Account of all Receipts and Diſburſements which ſhall be made for the Subjects of His Majeſty, and who ſhall be authoriſed to claim in all Caſes the Execution of the Articles of the preſent Capitulation.

Anſwer. All European Officers, Soldiers, Sailors, and all other Europeans employed in his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Service, now in Pondicherry, ſhall be properly ſubſiſted at the Expence of the Government of Madras, till they arrive in France, or the Iſle of France; what relates to the Sick anſwered in the foregoing Article. A Writer of the Marine and Two Officers of Health will be allowed to remain and take Care of the Sick, and be ſubſiſted at the Expence of the Government of Madras. The Appointment of a Commiſſary does not appear neceſſary.

Article XI.

The Artillery, Arms, Ammunition, Proviſions, and in general all the Effects of the King, which ſhall be found in this Place, ſhall be truly delivered, after exact Inventories, to the Commiſſaries who ſhall be appointed to receive them in the Name of His Britannick Majeſty. Duplicates of theſe Inventories ſhall be tranſmitted in due Form to Monſ. De Bellecombe.

Anſwer. A Commiſſary will be named by Major General Munro to receive all the Artillery, Arms, Ammunition, Proviſions, and in general all the Effects belonging to his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, from the Commiſſary appointed by Major-General Bellecombe. A regular Liſt will be taken, and a Duplicate delivered to him.

Article XII.

The Fortifications, the Governor's Houſe, the Magazines, and other Buildings belonging to the King, ſhall be preſerved in their preſent State, of which there ſhall be drawn out an Account by the Chief Engineer of this Place, jointly with the Commiſſaries of His Britannick Majeſty, and there ſhall be nothing deſtroyed.

Anſwer. The Fortifications and Public Buildings in Pondicherry ſhall be in no ways deſtroyed until further Inſtructions are received from Europe.

Article XIII.

The free Exerciſe of the Roman Catholick Religion ſhall be entirely preſerved. The Churches ſhall be reſpected, the Eccleſiaſticks and Religious Orders ſhall be ſupported in the full Enjoyment of their Houſes, and all their other Property and Privileges. Protections ſhall be given to this Effect, principally to the Apoſtolical Prefect, in order that he may exerciſe without Fear, and with Decency, the Functions of his Office. The Miſſionaries ſhall be at Liberty to go from Place to Place, to proceed in their reſpectable Functions, and they ſhall receive under the Engliſh Flag the like Protection as they enjoyed under the French Flag. In particular, the Biſhop of Tabraca, now at Pondicherry, ſhall have every Regard paid to him, which he merits

merits by his Piety ſtill more than by his Dignity.

Anſwer. Granted as long as they behave with Propriety, and do not endeavour to make Converts from amongſt People profeſſing the Proteſtant Religion.

Article XIV.

The Officers, Civil and Military, the Inhabitants, Merchants, and all other Perſons whatſoever, both Europeans and Indians, and thoſe of any other Nation, actually at Pondicherry, and its Dependencies, as alſo all Abſentees, whoſe Affairs are under the Management of Attornies, ſhall preſerve, beſides the Freedom of their Perſons, the entire and peaceable Right and Poſſeſſion of their Effects, moveable and immoveable, their Merchandize, Goods and Veſſels; and alſo the Uſe of their Credits and Contracts, as well at Pondicherry as at all other Factories or Manufactories whatſoever: They ſhall keep or diſpoſe of them to the French or to the Engliſh, and inveſt them in Articles for Exportation, which they ſhall have the Liberty to ſend either to the Iſle of France, or to neutral Ports, within the Space of Fifteen Months from the Date hereof, without being ſubjected to any Duties.

The Owners of the Veſſel called The Briſſon, may diſpatch her to the Iſle of France, under Permit, with the Paſſengers and Merchandize they wiſh to embark thereon; and the neceſſary Paſſports for this Purpoſe ſhall be granted.

Anſwer. Such of the Inhabitants, who chuſe to remain in Pondecherry, and who have not been mentioned in the foregoing Articles, will, on taking the Oaths of Allegiance to His Britannick Majeſty, be allowed to trade under the Protection of the Britiſh Flag. The private Property of all Perſons, now in Pondicherry, will be ſecured to them; ſuch as chuſe to diſpoſe of their Property will be permitted to do it, Arms and Warlike Stores excepted.

Granted with reſpect to the Veſſel called The Briſon, if ſhe is proved to be private Property of the Merchants of Pondicherry, but liable to Inſpection with reſpect to her Cargo before ſhe ſails from the Road of Pondicherry.

Article XV.

Such French Subjects, whoſe Affairs or the Situation of their Fortune may require it, ſhall be at Liberty to remain at Pondicnerry: They ſhall in no wiſe be moleſted, and ſhall enjoy the ſame Protection as the free Subjects of His Britannick Majeſty; and they ſhall be allowed, at all Times, to go whither they pleaſe.

Anſwer. Granted, except to the Military Officers, who muſt go with their Corps; but they may leave Powers of Attorney to Perſons to act for them.

Article XVI.

The Military, whoſe Affairs require their Preſence at Pondicherry, ſhall be permitted to remain there, upon obtaining Permiſſion to that Effect from M. de Bellecombe; in which Caſe they ſhall enjoy the Favour expreſſed in the preceding Article.

Anſwer. Anſwered in the foregoing Article.

Article XVII.

The Inhabitants and others, whether Europeans or Indians, ſhall not be troubled or moleſted, under any Pretence, for having borne Arms during the Siege of this Place, as they were compelled thereto, and as it is uſual in the Colonies under ſuch Circumſtances for every one to ſerve in the Militia.

Anſwer. Granted.

Article XVIII.

The Deſerters of both Nations ſhall be reſtored to their reſpective Crowns with Promiſe of Pardon; but no Individual ſhall be claimed as ſuch, for having only rejoined the Standard of their Nation, under which they ſhall continue, without being inquired after or moleſted under any Pretext whatever. With reſpect to Soldiers made Priſoners on both Sides, during the Siege, they ſhall be mutually reſtored, whatever may be the Number.

Anſwer. Granted.

Article XIX.

All Government Papers, without Exception, ſhall remain in the Poſſeſſion of M. De Bellecombe, and ſhall be embarked, without being examined or ſearched, on Board the Ship that is to carry him to France. The ſame ſhall be obſerved with regard to thoſe of the Intendance, which M. Cheureau will carry away with him without being examined or ſearched, as alſo thoſe of the Comptroll and Revenue.

Anſwer. All Publick Papers ſhall be delivered up to a proper Perſon appointed to receive and inſpect them; and ſuch as are not found neceſſary for Government will be returned to Major General Bellecombe and M. Cheureau.

Article XX.

The Public Records, Effects, Regiſters and Papers belonging to the Superior Council and Courts dependant thereon, Minutes of the Deeds of Notaries, and all Acts and Papers in general, which may affect the Security of the Conditions and Fortunes of the Citizens, ſhall be reſpected and preſerved; they ſhall remain at Pondicherry in the Cuſtody of their preſent Poſſeſſors, for their cuſtomary proper Uſe, until an Opportunity may offer for diſpoſing of ſuch valuable Effects, 'till future Circumſtances ſhall indicate the proper Meaſures to be taken for theſe important Objects.

Anſwer. Granted.

Article XXI.

The Depoſit of Papers, which regard the Settling of the Affairs of the India Company, ſhall be at the Diſpoſal of the Commiſſaries of that Company, who ſhall be at Liberty to take the Precautions and Arrangements that they may think neceſſary for the Security of theſe Papers.

Anſwer. Granted

Article XXII.

The French European or Indian Subjects, who may remain in the French or Engliſh Places and Poſſeſſions, ſhall have nothing to diſcuſs with the Indian Princes; and the Engliſh Government ſhall ſecure them from all Vexations and Demands from them, granting them the ſame Protection as to the Subjects of His Britannick Majeſty.

Anſwer. Granted.

Article XXIII.

The Seapoys, or other Indians of whatſoever Caſt or Religion they be, who ſhall have ſerved under the French Flag, ſhall not be troubled or moleſted in their Poſſeſſions, or in their Perſons, on Account of their Services, and of their Attachment towards the French Nation. The Engliſh Government ſhall even

even take them under it's Protection, in caſe they ſhall be perſecuted by any Aſiatick Power.

Anſwer. Granted.

Article XXIV.

The preſent Capitulation ſhall extend as far as the Articles of it are capable, to all that relates to Chandernagor, and other French Factories at Bengal, at Yanaon and at Karical, which the Engliſh have ſeized, and at the Settlement of Maſulipatam; as alſo to the French Veſſels which have been taken in the Ganges and on the Coaſt of Coromandel, ſince the Firſt of July laſt; the Sailors of which, and thoſe who were in the Place, ſhall be tranſported to the Iſle of France. The Papers and Letters addreſſed to Monſ. de Bellecombe, which were taken in thoſe Ships, ſhall be faithfully reſtored.

Anſwer. Inadmiſſible.

Article XXV.

After the Signing of the preſent Capitulation there ſhall be delivered to an Engliſh Guard of Fifty Men the Gate of Villenour; at which there ſhall remain a French Guard of the ſame Number. It ſhall be intruſted to theſe Guards to let no French Soldier go out, nor any Engliſh Soldier enter. The Day after the Engliſh Troops ſhall be put in Poſſeſſion of all the Poſts, and ſhall place the neceſſary Guards to preſerve good Order, at the ſame Time the Garriſon of Pondicherry ſhall retire into the Barracks; which they ſhall occupy 'till their Embarkation; and on their Arrival there the Soldiers, by Order of their Officers, ſhall depoſit their Arms in Magazines; of which the Staff Officers ſhall keep the Keys. The ſame ſhall be obſerved with Regard to the Seapoys and other armed Indians. The neceſſary Paſſports ſhall be granted.

Anſwer. Anſwered by the Firſt Article.

Article XXVI.

The full and entire Execution of the preſent Capitulation ſhall be obſerved *bona fide*, and ſhall be ſecured, not only by the Signature of Major General Munro and that of Commodore Vernon, but alſo by the Governor and Council of Madras; referring myſelf for the Reſt to the Deciſion of the Courts of France and of England, for a Reparation proportioned to the Violation of Treaties, and of the Right of Nations, which has operated in Aſia ſince the Month of July laſt, by the Orders of the Governors and Councils of Calcutta and of Madras, to the very great Prejudice of the French Nation, and of Humanity.

Pondicherry, Oct. 17, 1778. BELLECOMBE.

Anſwer. This Capitulation will be ſigned by Sir Edward Vernon and Major General Munro, and they will be Guarantees for the Ratification of the Superior Council of Madras.

(Signed) HECTOR MUNRO,
EDWARD VERNON.

Camp before Pondicherry, Oct. 17, 1778.

Return of Guns, Mortars, Shot, Small Arms, and Powder, taken in Pondicherry, 1778.

IRON GUNS.

Serviceable. 3 Thirty-ſix Pounders, 18 Twenty-four ditto, 13 Eighteen ditto, 30 Twelve ditto, 60 Eight ditto, 44 Six ditto, 11 Four ditto, 2 Three ditto.

Unſerviceable. 1 Thirty-ſix Pounder, 18 Twenty-four ditto, 3 Eighteen ditto, 1 Twelve ditto, 5 Eight ditto, 1 Four ditto.

Total ſerviceable — — — 181
—— unſerviceable — — — 29

BRASS GUNS.

Serviceable. 6 Twelve Pounders, 6 Eight ditto, 1 Six ditto, 18 Four ditto, 4 Three ditto, 2 Two ditto, 18 One ditto.

Unſerviceable. 3 One Pounders.

Total ſerviceable — — — 55
—— unſerviceable — — — 3

Howitzers. 6 Three Inch and Half.

BRASS MORTARS.

Serviceable. 7 Twelve Inch, 5 Eight ditto, 2 Seven ditto, 4 Six ditto, 2 Four ditto.

Total — — 20

IRON MORTARS.

Serviceable. 2 Twelve Inch, 1 Eight ditto.

Total — — 3.

SMALL ARMS.

French Muſquets and Bayonets —	5934
Ditto without Bayonets — —	248
Rifle Barrel Pieces — — —	108
Wall Pieces — — —	60
Carbines — — — —	45
Piſtols — — — —	556
Swords — — — —	930

Gunpowder, 80 Barrels, 100 lb. each.

Shot of different Sizes, 21,708.

(Signed) *T. Mannoung,*
Commiſſary of Stores.

Return of the Killed and Wounded of the Company's Troops, at the Siege of Pondicherry, 1778.

European Officers, 8 killed, 27 wounded.
Ditto Cavalry, 2 wounded.
Ditto Artillery, 17 killed, 61 wounded.
Ditto Infantry, 48 killed, 114 wounded.
Seapoys, 148 killed, 482 wounded.
His Highneſs the Nabob's Troops, 3 killed, 7 wounded.

Total 224 killed, 693 wounded.

(Signed) *H. A. M. Coſby,* Adj. Gen.

The Company's Troops conſiſted of 10,500, of which 1,500 were Europeans.

Return of the Killed and Wounded in the Garriſon of Pondicherry, 1778. *(nearly)*

European Officers, 7 killed, 19 wounded.
Regiment of Pondicherry, 45 killed, 143 wounded.
European Artillery, 29 killed, 69 wounded.
Seapoys, 52 killed, 94 wounded.
Citizens, 3 killed, 7 wounded.
Black Labourers, 64 killed, 148 wounded.

Total 200 killed, 480 wounded.

The Garriſon of Pondicherry conſiſted nearly of 3,000 Men, of which 900 were Europeans.

Admiralty:

Admiralty Office, March 16, 1779.

CAPTAIN George Young arrived this Afternoon from the East Indies, with Diſpatches from Commodore Sir Edward Vernon to Mr. Stephens, of which the following are Copies.

[*Duplicate*; *the Original not yet come to Hand*.]

Rippon, off Sadras, Auguſt 16, 1778.

SIR,

I SEND this to the Governor and Council of Fort St. George, to be forwarded by the firſt Opportunity, to deſire you will acquaint the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that I ſailed from Madraſs on the 29th paſt, with His Majeſty's Ships Rippon, Coventry, Seahorſe, and Cormorant Sloop, and Valentine and Glatton India Ships. On the 31ſt, finding the Glatton ſo bad a Sailer, and ill equipped, I ordered her back to Madraſs, and requeſted of the Governor and Council another Ship to replace her. On the 8th Inſtant, at Six P. M. I appeared with the Squadron off Pondicherry, chaſing a French Frigate into the Road. At Eight A. M. we deſcried from over Maſt-head Six Sail to the S. W. which we ſtood for, but there being ſuch light Airs of Wind, we could make nothing of them till the 10th, when at Six A. M. we ſaw Five Sail bearing down upon us in a regular Line a-breaſt. We ſtood for them, forming our Line a-head with the four Ships, and at Noon brought to ſo, ready to receive them. At Three Quarters paſt Noon, the Breeze ſhifting to the Seaward, gave us the Weather-gage, when I immediately made the Signal to bear down upon the Enemy, who had formed upon the Starboard Tacks. I intended forming our Line on the Larboard Tack, 'till the leading Ship had ſtretched a-breaſt of their Rear, then to have tacked and formed oppoſite the Enemy's Ships, but having ſo little Wind, and the Uncertainty of a Continuance, I thought it neceſſary to bring them to Action, which at Three Quarters paſt Two became general, and at Times extremely cloſe. About Three Quarters paſt Four the Enemy made Sail upon a Wind to the S. W. Having received great Damage in our Maſts, Sails, and Rigging, I hauled to the N. E. in Hopes of ſecuring the Weather-gage, to bring them to Action again the next Morning. We were employed the whole Night and Morning in reeving, ſplicing, and knotting our Rigging, getting up a Main Top-ſail Yard and Fore-top Maſt, the others being deſtroyed. We ſtood to the N. E. with light Airs of Wind until Midnight, and then tacked to the S. W. but at Day-light on the 11th could ſee nothing of the Enemy. I have ſince uſed my utmoſt Endeavours to appear off Pondicherry again, but from little Winds, thoſe Southerly, with a ſtrong Northern Current, have been prevented. Their Lordſhips may be aſſured I will loſe no Time in attaining it, and if I can meet with the Enemy, to bring them to a deciſive Battle, Winds and Weather permitting. The Ships we engaged were the Brilliante of 64 Guns, Pourvoyeuſe of 36 Eighteen-pounders, the Sartine of 32 Guns, and Two of their Country Ships armed as ours, whom I am juſt now informed got into Pondicherry Road the Evening of the Action to refit. The Beſborough India Ship, who the Governor and Council of Fort St. George had ordered to replace the Glatton, joined me the 14th. Herewith you have a Liſt of the Killed and Wounded, on Board the Ships under my Command, in the Action of the 10th.

I hope my Proceedings will meet their Lordſhips Approbation; and am,

SIR,

Your moſt obedient Servant,

E. VERNON.

	Killed.	*Wounded.*
Rippon - -	4	15
Coventry - -	1	20
Seahorſe - -	3	5
Valentine India Ship	2	9
Cormorant Sloop -	1	4
	11	53

E. V.

Philip Stephens, Eſq; Secretary of the Admiralty.

Madras, October 31, 1778.

I AM to acquaint you for the Information of the Right Honorable the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that I wrote to you on the 16th of Auguſt laſt by the Valentine, (a Duplicate of which I herewith incloſe) and that the Winds and Current prevented me regaining my Station until the 20th at Midnight, when I anchored between Pondicherry and Cuddalore, about Four o'Clock in the Morning of the 21ſt, upon Sight of a ſtrange Sail ſtanding in to the Squadron, I made the Signal, weighed, and gave Chace; at Day-Light ſaw the Chace had French Colours hoiſted, which, on a few Shot being fired at her from the Rippon and Sea-horſe, were ſtruck; ſhe proved to be the L'Aimable, Nannett, from Rochelle and L'Orient, laſt from the Mauritius, for Pondicherry, in Ballaſt. At the ſame Time I could ſee the French Squadron under Way in Pondicherry Road, ſtanding to the North Eaſt, under an eaſy Sail; but the Land Breeze failing me before I could get near enough to the Enemy to engage, and the Sea Breeze not ſetting in before Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, and then ſo very faintly as hardly to keep the Ships under Command, which, with Night drawing on, induced me to drop all Thoughts of bringing them to Action until the next Morniug. I then ſtood in for Pondicherry Road, and came to an Anchor, expecting the French Squadron would do the ſame, as they ſhewed no Deſign of going off; but when Day-Light appeared could ſee nothing of them, nor have they ever looked near Pondicherry ſince that Day. On the 25th at Day-Break, ſaw a ſtrange Sail very near us ſtanding in for Pondicherry, upon which I made the Coventry and Seahorſe's Signal to weigh and chace her, who immediately ſtood out to Sea, with all the Sail ſhe could crowd; and to prevent loſing Company with the Frigates, I weighed and ſtood out after them; about Half paſt Eleven o'Clock A. M. ſaw the Seahorſe engaged with the Chace, which ſoon after ſtruck, and proved to be the Sartine Frigate, one of Monſ. Tronjolly's Squadron, who had loſt Company a few Days before in Chace. She is a fine Ship, only two Years

Years old, and a prime Sailer; had, when ſhe was taken, only 26 Nine Pounders mounted; but as ſhe is of a larger Scantline than any of our 32 Gun Frigates, I purpoſe, if War is declared, ordering the Naval Storekeeper to purchaſe her for His Majeſty's Service. From that Time I cloſely blocked up the Road of Pondicherry. On the 18th of September our Batteries on Shore were opened againſt the Works of the Town, upon which they continued to play until the 16th Inſtant, in the Morning, when, (every Thing being ready for a general Aſſault that Night, having at General Munro's Requeſt, previouſly landed 260 Men from the Squadron, to aſſiſt in the Attack) M. Belcombe thought proper to ſend out a Flag of Truce, offering to capitulate, upon which Hoſtilities ceaſed on both Sides; and I have the Pleaſure to acquaint their Lordſhips, that Articles of Capitulation were ſigned on the 17th, and our Troops put in Poſſeſſion of the Town accordingly. During the Siege, the Ships of the Squadron took Three other ſmall Veſſels bound to Pondicherry. I cannot omit mentioning to their Lordſhips the Aſſiduity with which the Governor-General and Council of Bengal fitted out and armed Two Ships, mounted with 40 Guns each, who joined me on the 1ſt Inſtant, and are now acting under my Orders; as alſo the Zeal ſhewn for the Public Service by the Preſident and Council of Fort St. George, in ſo readily reinforcing the Squadron under my Command with Three of the Company's European Ships armed, which on the Reduction of Pondicherry I diſmiſſed, that they may proceed on their reſpective Voyages. I have further the Pleaſure to acquaint their Lordſhips, that the greateſt Harmony and good Underſtanding has ſubſiſted between the Army and Navy during the Whole of this Campaign.

I have appointed Captain Marlow of the Coventry to be Captain of the Rippon, in the room of Captain Young, whom I have thought a proper Perſon to take Charge of my Diſpatches for their Lordſhips, and His Majeſty's Secretary of State.

I beg Leave to recommend Captain Young to their Lordſhips Notice, and to refer them to him for any further Particulars they wiſh to be informed of reſpecting the Operations of this laſt Campaign in India.

I am, SIR,

Your moſt obedient humble Servant,

E. VERNON.

Philip Stephens, Eſq; Secretary of the Admiralty.

Admiralty-Office, March 16, 1779.

Extract of a Letter from Commodore Evans to Mr. Stephens, dated at Spithead, March 15, 1779.

HIS Majeſty's Cutter the Rattleſnake, of 10 Carriage and 12 Swivel Guns, with a Complement of Sixty Men, commanded by Lieutenant Knell, returned from a Cruize to Spithead this Morning, having had a very ſevere Action with two French Privateer Cutters, one of which ſhe has brought into Spithead with her.

Lieutenant Knell informs me, that Yeſterday Morning at Day-break he ſaw two French Cutters about two Leagues to Leeward of him, ſtanding in for Freſh Water Bay, with the Wind at Weſt South Weſt, he immediately wore and made Sail after them; the Enemy, obſerving his Approach, made all the Sail they could, and ſtood to Sea, ſteering South South Eaſt.

The Rattleſnake gave Chace, and at Half paſt One o'Clock, P. M. (being then about four Leagues from Havre de Grace) came up with and engaged the largeſt Cutter, of 14 Carriage Guns, 12 Swivels, and 92 Men; the other Cutter, called the Frelon de Dunkerque, mounting 12 Carriage Guns, 10 Swivels, and 82 Men, which ſailed remarkably well, and is deemed one of the faſteſt ſailing Cutters out of France, came up to her Aſſiſtance, and jointly engaged the Rattleſnake till Four o'Clock, when the largeſt ſtruck; the other ſheered off, and attempted to eſcape, but Lieutenant Knell perceiving her Intention, bore down, fired three Broadſides, and then boarded her, fearing ſhe might get away by out-ſailing the Rattleſnake, and by that Means carried her.

The Rattleſnake's People were immediately employed in ſplicing and refitting the Rigging, which was much damaged by the Enemy's Shot; whilſt in this Situation, the French Cutter which had firſt ſtruck crouded all her Sail, and, the Rattleſnake not being in a Condition to follow her, ſhe effected her Eſcape.

I have the Pleaſure to acquaint their Lordſhips, that none of the Rattleſnake's Crew were killed; Lieutenant Knell (whoſe ſpirited Conduct deſerves much Commendation) was wounded, together with one Midſhipman, and ten Men.

The Commander of the Frelon de Dunkerque, and twelve of her People, were killed, and thirty wounded, moſt of which are mortal.

It is imagined the other Cutter ſuffered greatly, by her being longer engaged and ſtriking to the Rattleſnake.

Printed by *Thomas Harriſon* in *Warwick Lane*. 1779.